

CLAIMS:

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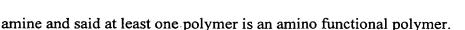
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- 1. A medical device formed of moisture curable materials, comprising:
 a dilatation balloon formed from a crosslinked polymeric material, the
 crosslinked polymeric material comprising the reaction product of:
 - I) at least one polymer; and
 - II) at least one hydrolyzable silane having the following general structure:

$$(x)$$
 $Si-Y_m$ $I_{Z(3-m)}$

where X is a monovalent non-hydrolyzable organic moiety comprising at least one functional group W which is reactive with said polymer with the proviso that an Si-C bond is present between Si and W, Y is a hydrolyzable group, Z is a monovalent hydrocarbon group, and m is an integer from 1 to 3; said reaction product having been further reacted with moisture to produce a polymeric material crosslinked through --Si--O--Si-- linkages.

- 2. The device of Claim 1 wherein Y is an alkoxy group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms.
- 3. The device of Claim 1 wherein W is selected from (meth)acrylamido, (meth)acryloxy, carboxyl, epoxy, amino, ureido, isocyanato, thiocyanato, mercapto, styryl, vinyl, allyl, haloalkyl, acid anhydride, sulfonyl azide, carboxylic acid esters of aromatic alcohols, and mixtures thereof.
- 4. The device of Claim 1 wherein X is selected from epoxycyclohexyl, glycidoxypropyl, isocyanatopropyl, vinyl, and allyl.
- The device of Claim 1 wherein said at least one hydrolyzable silane comprises an organofunctional group capable of readily reacting with a primary or secondary



6. The catheter device of Claim 1 wherein said hydrolyzable silane is selected from isocyanatoalkylalkoxysilanes, glycidoxyalkylalkoxysilanes and epoxycylcohexylalkylalkoxysilanes.

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- 7. The device of Claim 6 wherein said hydrolyzable silane is selected form isocyanatopropyltriethoxysilane, glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane and 2-(3,4-epoxycyclohexyl)ethyltrimethoxysilane.
- 10 8. The device of Claim 1 wherein at least one hydrolyzable silane has the following general structure:

$$CH_2 \stackrel{R'}{=} C \stackrel{O}{+} C -O + C_n H_{2n})_y)_X^S iR_3$$

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where R' is a hydrogen atom or lower C_1 to C_4 alkyl; x and y are 0 or 1 with the proviso that when x is 1, y is 1; n is an integer from 1 to 12 inclusive, preferably 1 to 4, and each R independently is a hydrolyzable organic group such as an alkoxy group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, aryloxy group, aralkoxy group, aliphatic acyloxy group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, amino or substituted amino groups, or a lower alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms inclusive, with the proviso that not more than one of the three R groups is an alkyl.

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- 25 9. The device of Claim 8 wherein said reaction proceeds by a free radical mechanism.
 - 10. The device of Claim 9 wherein said free radical initiator is an organic peroxide.
- The device of Claim 8 wherein said hydrolyzable silane is selected from vinyltrimethoxysilane, vinyltriethoxysilane, allytrimethoxysilane,



γ-(meth)acryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane, and mixtures thereof.

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A balloon catheter comprising a balloon wherein said balloon comprises a moisture cured polymeric material which is crosslinked through --Si--O--Si-linkages.

- 13. The balloon catheter of Claim 12 wherein said moisture cured polymeric material is the reaction product of:
 - a) at least one polymer; and

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b) at least one hydrolyzable silane having the following general structure:

$$X \longrightarrow Si \longrightarrow Y_m$$

$$\downarrow \\
Z_{(3-m)}$$

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where X is a monovalent non-hydrolyzable organic moiety comprising at least one functional group W which is reactive with said polymer with the proviso that an Si-C bond is present between Si and W, Y is a hydrolyzable group, Z is a monovalent hydrocarbon group, and m is an integer from 1 to 3.

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14. The balloon catheter of Claim 13 wherein said at least one hydrolyzable silane has an organofunctional group capable of readily reacting with a primary or secondary amine and said at least one polymer is amino functional.

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The catheter balloon of Claim 13 wherein Y is an alkoxy of C₁ to C₄

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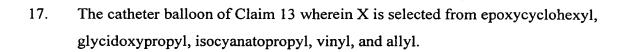
16. The catheter balloon of Claim 13 wherein W is selected from (meth)acrylamido, (meth)acryloxy, carboxyl, epoxy, amino, ureido, isocyanato, thiocyanato, mercapto, styryl, vinyl, allyl, haloalkyl, acid anhydride, sulfonyl azide, carboxylic acid esters of aromatic alcohols, and mixtures thereof.

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- 18. The catheter balloon of Claim 13 wherein said hydrolyzable silane is selected form isocyanatopropyltriethoxysilane, glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane and 2-(3,4-epoxycyclohexyl)ethyltrimethoxysilane.
 - 19. The catheter balloon of Claim 12 wherein said moisture cured polymeric material is the reaction product of:

a) at least one polymer; and

b) at least one hydrolyzable silane having the following general structure:

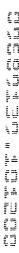
$$CH_2 \stackrel{R'}{=} C \stackrel{O}{+} C -O + C_n H_{2n})_y)_X^{SiR_3}$$

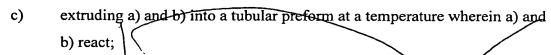
where R' is a hydrogen atom or lower C₁ to C₄ alkyl; x and y are 0 or 1 with the proviso that when x is 1, y is 1; n is an integer from 1 to 12 inclusive, preferably 1 to 4, and each R independently is a hydrolyzable organic group such as an alkoxy group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms (e.g. methoxy, ethoxy, butoxy), aryloxy group (e.g. phenoxy), araloxy group (e.g. benzyloxy), aliphatic acyloxy group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms (e.g. formyloxy, acetyloxy, propanoyloxy), amino or substituted amino groups (alkylamino, arylamino), or a lower alkyl group having-1-to-6 carbon atoms inclusive, with the proviso that not more than one of the three R groups is an alkyl.

20. A method of forming a datheter balloon comprising the steps of:

a) providing at least one polymeric material at or above its melt temperature;

b) providing at least one organofunctional hydrolyzable silane compound;





- d) forming said tubular preform into a balloon preform;
- e) blowing said balloon preform into a balloon; and
- f) exposing said balloon or balloon preform to water:
 wherein said a) and b) react to form a polymeric material having hydrolyzable
 groups on said silane wherein said hydrolyzable groups crosslink upon exposure
 to water and form --Si--O--Si-- linkages..
- 10 21. The method of Claim 20 wherein said at least one organofunctional hydrolyzable silane has the following general structure:

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where X is a monovalent non-hydrolyzable organic moiety comprising at least one functional group W which is reactive with said polymeric material with the proviso that an Si-C bond is present between Si and W; Y is a hydrolyzable group, Z is a monovalent hydrocarbon-group, and m is an integer from 1 to 3.

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22. The method of Claim 20 wherein said at least one hydrolyzable silane has the following general structure:

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$$CH_2 \stackrel{R'}{=} C \stackrel{O}{+} C -O + C_n H_{2n} \Big|_{y} \Big|_{x} SiR_3$$

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where R' is a hydrogen atom or lower C₁ to C₄ alkyl; x and y are 0 or 1 with the proviso that when x is 1, y is 1; n is an integer from 1 to 12 inclusive, preferably 1 to 4, and each R independently is a hydrolyzable organic group such as an

alkoxy group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, aryloxy group, araloxy group, aliphatic acyloxy group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, amino or substituted amino groups, or a lower alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms inclusive, with the proviso that not more than one of the three R groups is an alkyl.

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- 23. The method of Claim 22 wherein said hydrolyzable silane is selected from vinyltrimethoxysilane, vinyltriethoxysilane, allytrimethoxysilane, and γ-(meth)acryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane.
- The method of Claim 21 wherein W is selected from (meth)acrylamido, (meth)acryloxy, carboxyl, epoxy, amino, ureido, isocyanato, thiocyanato, mercapto, styryl, vinyl, allyl, haloalkyl, acid anhydride, sulfonyl azide, carboxylic acid esters of aromatic alcohols, and mixtures thereof.
- 15 25. The method of Claim 21 wherein X is selected from epoxycyclohexyl, glycidoxypropyl, isocyanatopropyl, vinyl, and allyl.
 - 26. The method of Claim 21 wherein Y is alkoxy of C_1 to C_4 .
- 20 27. The method of Claim 21 wherein said hydrolyzable silane is selected form isocyanatopropyltriethoxysilane, glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane and 2-(3,4-epoxycyclohexyl)ethyltrimethoxysilane.
 - 28. The method of Claim 20 wherein said polymeric material is amino functional.

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- 29. The method of Claim 20 wherein said exposure to water is accomplished in a water bath.
- 30. The method of Claim 20 wherein in during said blowing step, said balloon is further axially stretched.